

# THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XX, No. 46

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, April 6th, 1933

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.



## St. Mary the Virgin (Anglican Church)

**Palm Sunday—**  
3:20 p.m., Evensong and Service.  
**Good Friday, April 14th.**  
8 to 9 p.m., Devotional Service.

**Resurrection Day, April 16th:**  
11 a.m., Matins and Sermon.  
3 p.m., Evensong and Service, at Cavendish.  
Rev. J. P. Horne.

The snowfall of Monday night is reported as much heavier at adjacent points.

Mr. Edmondson, jr., his wife and baby, are visiting Rostmaster Edmondson, here.

Have you seen Geo. Shannon's new frost-proof radiator

Lieut. Col. E. A. Ewart, describes a war-time gas which makes gas masks useless by causing sneezing and vomiting. It clings to streets, walls and trees for hours, and any one walking by can carry the poison into a house. Its symptoms do not appear until hours after—too late for help to be given.

## NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of The Water Resources Act, the undersigned have filed the necessary application and plans required by Section 11 of the said act, in the Water Resources Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

The applicants apply for the right to divert water from Loureux creek on the N.W. 1/4 of sec. 7, tp. 22, range 8, west of the fourth meridian, for irrigation purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works, as shown by the application and plans filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said irrigation purposes on the N.W. 1/4 and S.W. 1/4 of sec. 7, tp. 22, range 8, west of the fourth meridian.

Dated at Empress, Alberta, this 20th day of March, 1933.  
THOMAS MCCARTHY,  
HENRY EDGAR,  
Applicants.

## Snapshots On The Farm

At the house, in the barnyard, through the fields—everywhere around the farm—every day you'll find the chances to use a Kodak. And at your Kodak counter you'll find just the model you want. Your development is quick—minutes attended to promptly.

## EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

We are agents for leading medicines. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

## "Americans Come To Me".



George Bernard Shaw, whose pungent wit has enlivened the world's drama of the Canadian Pacific line "Empress of Britain" when he arrived at San Francisco recently, denied he had ever said he would never visit America.

What I said, the Irish dramatist remarked, "was there was no need for me to visit America, as all interesting Americans come to see me."

That this was true is proved by the picture, for here in the Mayfair lounge of the 42,500-ton liner, he is seen with Mayor Angelo Rossi, who not only went to Shaw, but dreamed himself in his getaway and wore a carnation.

## Klink-Arden

The marriage of Mr. Raymond Klink and Miss Pauline Arden, both of Janmar, was solemnized by Rev. Father Leo Sullivan, in the Catholic Rectory, Monday morning, April 3.

## Course In Placer Mining

The keen interest developed recently in placer mining in the province, led the provincial school of technology, at Calgary, last June to put on a special two weeks' course in placer mining technique. The result was that 120 persons enrolled. The course is to be repeated this spring for three weeks from April 24 to May 12. Lectures and laboratory demonstrations will be given.

## Mineral Production

Total value of mineral production for 1922 is placed at \$21,413,838. This is made up of \$13,441,933 for coal, \$3,962,060 for natural gas at a "wellhead" cost, \$2,654,533 for petroleum, \$2,204 for gold, \$239,584 for clay, \$399,922 for cement and \$44,217.00. Only 353 tons of barite were taken out last year, valued at 1,372.00.

## These Enlightened Times

Ranchers of Santa Cruz killed and burned 60,000 line sheep for which they could find no market.

## TENDERS

Sealed tenders will be received up to the 14th of April, 1933, by the Treasurer of the Village of Empress, for the hauling of ashes, litter and refuse from all private and public places, including hotels, restaurants, schools, churches, etc., within the Village of Empress. All such refuse to be hauled to the Village village grounds.

Closely up to be done to the satisfaction of the Village Council. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

## Thank-Offering Meeting

The general Easter Thank-offering Meeting of the Women's Missionary Society, will be held in the United Church on Friday afternoon, April 14th, at 3 o'clock. A special hour in the Sunday School room will follow the afternoon's program. Everyone is cordially invited to be present.

## Increased Purchasing Power Declared Prosperity's Demand

New York, March 27.—The importance of restoring and mobilizing the nation's purchasing power to bring back business prosperity is stressed in a report by the National Industrial Conference today.

The board finds it encouraging that recent proposals for stimulating business recovery emphasize the significance of steps to make the increased purchasing power available to the mass of the industrial population, and stresses the necessity as basic for any recovery program, although the dollar now goes further than it did three years ago, the United States has lost more than one-half the purchasing power it possessed in 1920, it says.

"Many of the special economic problems that have arisen during the depression have their origin in the fact that industry cannot produce because there is little market for its product," the report continues, "The consequences of lost purchasing power have multiplied in an ever-widening circle. A gain in purchasing power would have salutary effects equally far-reaching in scope."

The board's computations based on average wage scale reductions shortening of weekly work time, employment decline and rise in the buying power of the dollar because of falling prices, place the purchasing power available at today's wages and prices at 46.3 per cent of what it was in 1920. This is the first time that the extent of this loss has been gauged.

The board's study also shows that industrial wages have been reduced 19.8 p.c. in the period of working hours have been shortened on an average of 26.9 p.c., and employment volume has declined 43.4. Combining these factors, it reports that the industrial population as a whole is receiving only 22.4 per cent as many dollars in wage income as 1920—Christie Science Monitor.

## The Week At Ottawa

Ottawa, April 1, 1933

During the past week two plans were presented at Ottawa for the solution of the monetary difficulties. One involves the use of the Gold Standard, and the other plan would disregard gold altogether and issue currency on the strength of Canada's credit.

Mr. S. J. Lennox, of Pittsfield, Mass., gave a lecture to a large number of members on March 22nd. He explained that it was unnecessary to endure hardship and risk life in the attempt to get gold from one hole in the ground and then hide it in a vault, which is really an other hole in the ground.

His scheme would provide work for every individual in Canada who wanted work. Certain people are employed in producing goods for consumption and in adding to plants and factories. Those not so employed would be given employment in constructing public works, e.g., roads, swimming pools and etc. When any public work was completed the government would issue currency to the value of this work. That is, currency would be issued with this public asset as a coverage instead of with gold as a coverage. A fixed price would be set as a maximum price for contractors on every contract for which they tendered. When the contract was secured financing would be assured because the pay would be sure when the contract was completed. Mr. Lennox believed that the minute this assurance of work for all was given that there would at once be a demand for clothing, shoes, lumber furniture and automobiles, and also all the things for which there is an unlimited demand and which people have been doing without, owing to fear, hoarding and etc. In that case thousands would be employed manufacturing these things so there would not be so many busy at public works. When the demand for commodities goods fell off they could turn to public works, and for each public work completed more currency would be issued, giving people more purchasing power and more goods would be consumed, thus giving more employment and happiness.

The other scheme is an older one and has regard to the fact that people have confidence in gold. The author proposes to re-value gold and to re-distribute gold. That is, there would be more currency issued with

## United Church

**Empress:**  
Church School, 2:00 p.m.  
Public Worship, 7:30 p.m.  
Subject: "Ishmael."  
We invite you to worship with us.  
Rev. Geo. A. Shields,  
Minister.

the same gold that we now have. The amount of gold supporting each dollar would be less, therefore, there would be more dollars and still there would be the metal base.

If the value of gold was increased by one-third then there would be more currency, higher prices and values would return to about 1926 level. This would make it easier to repay debts that were contracted about that time. As it is at present, debts contracted between 1921 and 1929 in terms of wheat have increased from 100 to 275 plus interest. This surely is an indication of the inadequacy of the present system, and it should be possible for the technical men to work out a scheme by which prices would be restored to say the 1926 level and then retained at about that figure. This would restore confidence and banish fear. All confidence will lag, all business will halt, all enterprise will be frightened and all development checked if future plans must be made with no assurance whether the dollar at any time will be worth 50 cts. or 1.50 or 2.00.

Sincerely,  
F. W. Greshaw.

## Catholic Church

**Empress—Sunday, April 9th,**  
Palm Sunday, Mass—8:00 a.m.  
**Cavendish—Sunday, April 9th,**  
Palm Sunday, 4:00 p.m., "Way of the Cross" and sermon on the Passion of our Lord.  
**Cavendish—Maundy Thursday, Mass at 8:00 a.m.,**  
**Cavendish—Good Friday, at 8:00 a.m., Mass of the Pre-Sanctified.**

**Empress—Holy Saturday,**  
Blessing of the Easter water, and High Mass beginning at 7:30 a.m.  
**Empress—Easter Sunday,**  
High Mass at 9:30 a.m.  
**Cavendish—Easter Sunday,**  
High Mass at 11:15 a.m.  
Father Sullivan.

## Change In District Courts

Formation of two district courts in this province, instead of three being one in each of the sixteen judicial districts, is provided for in a bill to amend the District Courts Act just submitted to the legislature. The act provides for one district court in North-West Alberta, having jurisdiction in the territory north of and including Red Deer. The district court of Southern Alberta would function in the region south of Red Deer. Five judges would comprise the district court of Northern Alberta with a similar number for the Southern Alberta territory.

Messrs. Geo. and Albert Shannon visited Medicine Hat over the week-end.

## LOWER EASTER HOLIDAY FARES

Between all Points in Canada

One Way Fare and One Quarter  
FOR THE ROUND TRIP

GOOD GOING

RETURN LIMIT

APRIL 13 to 16

APRIL 18

Full Information from Ticket Agent

**CANADIAN PACIFIC**

## JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards  
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order  
to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

## Beauty of the C.P.R.

As Travelers Know Him

Excerpt from Montreal Daily Herald

E. D. Beatty is a quarter-back who can't lose, but by a head of fate, became a railway president.

Though he couldn't make the first string on the Varsity gridiron squad he had no difficulty with the C.P.R. and has played regularly ever since. He says it was Shakespearean coaching that turned the trick (Lord & not Shakespeare).

He is probably the shyest man in Canada.

The ladies admire him because he wears his hat over one eye and walks with a quarter-back swagger. The fact that he is a bachelor and apparently intends to remain one provides a second element of "he is an odd man" to keep feminine hearts in a state of flutter.

Business men like him because he talks straight from the shoulder and has an uncanny talent for getting at the core of the matter.

(Cont. on back page)

## ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

"FRESH FROM THE GARDENS"

## Welcome Announcements.

The recent statement by Premier Bennett in the House of Commons in which he outlined the attitude of himself and his Government on the subject of reciprocal trade relations with the United States, and in which he declared that the United States was Canada's natural market, constitutes not only an announcement of great interest and importance, but it has the effect of removing, at least so far as the principle involved is concerned, this particular phase of the tariff question from the realm of partisan politics. Differences of opinion as to details of arrangement may exist or develop between the two great political parties in this country, but so far as the question of the desirability of such an arrangement, it has now been quite plain that there is no difference of opinion.

To all those who feel that the important question of the tariff should, as far as possible, be removed from the arena of partisan political controversy, this unanimity of view will be most gratifying, as well as a most helpful sign that at no distant date a marked improvement in the trade relations of these two great countries, having so much things in common, and divided only by an imaginary boundary line, will be effected.

Premier Bennett made his momentous announcement when speaking to a resolution moved by a Liberal member, and which was worded as follows: "That, in the opinion of this House, it is expedient that the Government of Canada re-open negotiations with the Government of the United States of America with a view of bringing about a satisfactory reciprocal trade agreement between Canada and the United States whereby the natural products of Canada, that is the products of the soil, the farm, the mines, and the forests, and including fish, lumber, wheat, cattle, etc., should have free entry into the United States in exchange for the admission of certain goods from the United States of America, which in the interests of both countries may be admitted into Canada, free from customs tariffs."

Almost equal in its importance to Premier Bennett's statement, is the announcement contained in press despatches that the new Administration at Washington, under the guidance of President Roosevelt, proposes to make overtures to the Canadian Government looking to the negotiation of such a trade agreement or treaty. If, indeed, such overtures have not already been tentatively made.

Canadian generally will welcome these new developments, and nowhere will they be received with greater goodwill, and with sincere hopes that success will attend such negotiations, than in the provinces of Western Canada. Unquestionably, the continent of North America is one economic unit, however it may be divided politically and nationally. Nature made it so geographically and climatically.

The United States can supply Canada with many things we do not, and cannot, produce for ourselves—cotton, tropical and semi-tropical fruits, rubber, etc., many articles of manufacture, to mention only a few items. On the other hand, the United States stands in need of enormous quantities of other natural products which Canada can supply in abundance. Why, then, should both countries erect barriers against the natural exchange of such commodities to the disadvantage of both?

Here in Western Canada we can raise tens of thousands of head of range cattle, but we are handicapped in finishing them for market, including the shipping market, and are the distinct disadvantage in competing with the Argentine. But the United States raises enormous quantities of corn for feeding purposes. What is more natural than that Western Canada should ship thousands upon thousands of stocker cattle to the corn states to the south to be fattened for market? Both countries would profit thereby.

Why should the Maritime Provinces be forced to look for markets long distances inland in Ontario and Quebec, even in the West, with the rich markets of the great cities along the U.S. Atlantic seaboard right at hand and easily and cheaply reached by railway transportation? Why should Ontario, lacking coal supplies of its own, be denied free and cheap access to the great coalfields immediately to the south but in the United States? Why should either country erect barriers against the natural flow of trade north and south, ignoring geography in an uneconomical fashion, while striving for markets thousands of miles away?

Is it now admitted, almost universally, that the troubles which today beset the world are almost entirely of our making, the result of our poor business and stupidity, and not the fault of an all-wise Providence nor the breakdown of the immutable laws of Nature?

Canada and the United States have set the world an object lesson for more than one hundred years. In the history of the world there is no other nation in extent. We have shown the nations of the world how international economic relations should be governed so as to avoid economic war. Can we not also show the world, in its present time of distress, how international economic relations should be governed so as to avoid economic war?

Assuredly we can, if we will. And it is because we should do so that these announcements of the past few weeks are so welcome, so promising of great betterment for the peoples of both countries. And to us in Canada especially welcome as indicating a unity of desire and policy on the part of all our political parties in the advancement of the common good and economic welfare of this Dominion.

## Canada's Shoe Industry

One of the Canadian industries to have increased production in 1932 was the leather boot and shoe factories. A correspondence in the Dominion states in imports of these commodities. In 1932 Canadian factories produced 15,729,218 pairs, while imports totalled only 212,963 pairs.

Great Britain has the highest taxations. France comes second and Germany third.

A \$125,000,000 paper mill is being located in Pittsburg, England.

## Dog Runs Elevator

"Bul," a German pointer dog, has mastered the mysteries of elevator operation. He visits his owner, Robert A. "Correspondence" in a Denver office building, using his nose to push the button that sets the automatic elevator in operation. He also makes occasional visits to other tenants in the building, going from floor to floor upon attended by voice.

So rapidly has post-war ship design developed that a modern 4,000-ton liner costs less to run to modern standards than a 20,000-ton 20-year old ship.

## Headaches and Dizzy Spells Nerves in Bad Condition

Mr. Neil Crawford, South End, writes: "My nerves were in such bad condition for some time that I was unable to get a good night's sleep. I was also bothered with headaches and dizzy spells."

I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to give me much relief, but after I had taken a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would hardly believe the change they had made in my condition."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Williams Co., Ltd., (Toronto, Ont.)

## Electric Eye Records Activity Of Housewife

Information Obtained By U.S. Bureau Of Home Economics

For each member of her family, the average housewife makes 18 trips a day to the kitchen sink, according to a February issue of the American Journal of Home Economics.

Each time she goes to the sink, the article shows, she spends, on an average, one minute.

Thus, the homemaker in a family of five will average 90 trips daily to the sink and will work there for an hour and a half.

A photo-electric eye was used to help record every trip made, together with the time spent at the sink. The U.S. Bureau of Home Economics was asked to make this study by the chairman of the committee on housework of the president's conference on home building and home ownership and it received outside co-operation.

An analysis of the study shows that the Washington, D.C., housewives in whose kitchens the photo-electric eye was placed, spent from 38 to 132 minutes at the sink each day, with the number of trips varied from 32 to 217. The reasons for such variations, according to the article, can be determined only by more detailed studies. The definite factual data hitherto unavailable in such studies, conclusions as to the comparative efficiency of different types of kitchen arrangement. Dr. Stanley says.

## Rich Gold Strike

New South African Field Opens Up Great Possibilities

Another great gold strike—possibly equal to past rushes which helped end former depressions—was described by the Associated Press in Johannesburg and metallurgical engineers.

One-eightihs of the world's present gold production is the estimate, though not yet proven, capacity of this new field, the Consolidated Goldfields, South Africa. This dazzling estimate was reported by W. Lee, supervising engineer, geological section, United States Bureau of Mines, Washington.

It caps several weeks of reports from inside circles of New York engineers that the new South African field might produce enough gold to fill the ball rolling toward world prosperity.

Lee told the story of how the new scientific "digging rule," the magnetometer, located the strike.

"The greatest outstanding achievement of the '30s," said Mr. Lee, "was made by the engineers of the Consolidated Goldfields. Here the subterranean of the main reef series was traced from Middleburg through the hills of the Westwold, a distance of from 30 to 40 miles.

## Long Gas Line

Proposed To Build Gas Line From Alberta To The Coast

The findings of the Alberta conservation commission is expected to have a bearing upon the plans of oil syndicates to construct a pipe line through to the coast to supply the cities of Vancouver in British Columbia, and of Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma in the state of Washington, with natural gas. It was stated by William C. Fisher, of Calgary.

"This is not a visionary project," said Mr. Fisher. "The findings of the conservation commission will determine the extent of the gas pressure in the Turner Valley area.

"If it is proved that the field can guarantee a 20-year supply, there should be nothing to hinder the proposed gas pipeline to the coast for the supply of cheap natural gas."

## Catalogues Human Diseases

Retires Of Eye Affected By Any Abnormal Condition

Practically every disease known to man, says Dr. Clarence H. Ellis, of the Ohio State University applying an examination of the retina of the eye.

Any abnormal condition, he explains, reflects the retina of the eye, particularly such diseases as brain tumors, heart trouble, cancer and inflammation of the liver.

The chief cause of eye trouble, he added, is the use of too powerful light bulbs in reading lamps.

Canada's acreage in field crops increased from 15.6 million in 1930 to nearly 58 million in 1931, or by approximately 272 per cent.

Ninety per cent of the world's clothing is made of cotton.

People of Denmark are against the idea of using silver in coins.

## Robe Proved Good Mascot

Gift Of Maori Chief Treasured By British Admiral

Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, comptroller and treasurer to the Prince of Wales, told the Authors' Club at London, England, of a New Zealand "Kiwi" robe which he wore whenever he fought in action during the Great War.

The garment, a kind of kilt made of flax, was given to him by a Maori chief when he was in command of the battle cruiser "New Zealand." The "New Zealand" went on a cruise to the dominion. One chief, after being shown over the ship, gave him the "Kiwi" robe and asked him to promise that whenever he took the ship into action he would wear it. He told him that it had been worn by his forebears in war, but that it would never be required in that country again.

On August 28, 1914, when the action of the day was fought, Sir Lionel said he wore the robe in the coming tower, and he added that the "New Zealand" never received a scratch during the fighting.

After this the garment was looked upon as a mascot. On Jan. 24, 1915, the "New Zealand" fought the German ship "Blücher," which was sunk. Again he wore the "Kiwi" with the same result, the "New Zealand" receiving no damage whatever.

In May, 1915, he left the "New Zealand" to Captain, later Admiral, Sir John Green. He handed over the "Kiwi" to his successor and in the Battle of Jutland Captain Green wore it when he took the ship into action. Two ships in his own line were blown up, and he said the "New Zealand" received practically no damage whatever. After the war, Sir Lionel added, the garment was returned to him and it was one of his most treasured possessions.

## Another Use For Radio

Fever Machine Is Newest Treatment For Certain Diseases

A "fever machine" which treats disease by the power of radio waves to raise the temperature of the body was described before the American College of Physicians at Montreal.

It is a new application of radio, treating disease instead of sending messages, and was reported by Dr. Walter M. Simpson of Dayton, Ohio. The machine is used to treat diseases that are sometimes cured and often improved by producing artificial "fevers" in the body. Among these are general paresis, a form of paralysis that attacks many of the nervous system, some forms of arthritis, a disease of the joints, and diseases that affect the bodily extremities—arms and legs, feet and hands.

The fever machine is a short-wave radio transmitter, which "broadcasts" radio waves through a patient from large metal plates.

## Orient Buying Wheat

Shipments From Canada This Season Total 8,811,011 Bushels

Steadily increasing demand for the Orient for wheat is indicated by the fact that Canada has shipped 8,811,011 bushels to China and Japan so far this season. This is 67,143 bushels greater than shipments at the same time last year, and it is believed that figures will exceed last year's mark by more than a million bushels.

Bookings up to the end of March for the Orient are 366,666 bushels. Only the lower grades are wanted, and Australia, near at hand, has been getting the lion's share of the business.

## A Mark Twain Story

When Mark Twain was a young and struggling newspaper writer a lady of his acquaintance saw him one day looking at a shop window with a cigar box under his arm. Mr. Twain, "she" said, "I always see you with a cigar box under your arm. I am afraid you are smoking too much." "It isn't that," said Mark Twain. "I'm moving again!"

A machine in the coast and geodetic survey office at Washington, D.C., can predict the tide for any century in the world, at any hour, for centuries.

## CHEST COLDS

MECCA OINTMENT AND MUSTARD POLTICE

Relieves Congestion—Does Not Melt

At last! A cold on the chest! Apply a Mecca Ointment with the addition of mustard. The warmth is quick and the relief is sure. The Mecca Ointment will give you relief in such cases.

## EDWARDSBURG

KORN BRAND CORN SYRUP

Pure, wholesome, and economical taste. Syrup. Children love its delicious flavor.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.

## Art Competition

Manitoba and Quebec Student Architects Win Awards

Manitoba and Quebec student architects won awards in the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada competition, result of which were announced recently.

Leonce Desgagné, Ecole Des Beaux-Arts, Quebec, was first prize in the class "A" project, in which 23 designs were submitted, and Eric Thirt University of Manitoba, was awarded first prize in class "B" project. Forty-nine designs were submitted for the latter class.

Maurice Gervais, Ecole Des Beaux-Arts, Montreal, won second in class "A" project; G. H. White, University of Toronto, was third, and William Sheehy, University of Manitoba, received honorable mention.

In class "B" Lowell Wallace, University of Manitoba, was second, and F. M. Saunders, University of Toronto, third. The University of Alberta had one design entered in the class "A" project and eight in class "B," but won no prize.

The jury of award consisted of: H. L. Featherstonhaugh, Montreal; Irene Vautrin, Montreal; Wilfrid Leacock, Quebec; John M. Lyth, Toronto, and H. J. Burden, Toronto.

## Aviator Was Popular

Took Fresh Vegetables To Arctic Miners In Severer Weather

Leigh Brintnell, president of Macdonald Airways Services, Limited, was the most popular man in the Great Bear Lake mineral fields on New Year's Day.

With the thermometer hovering at 60 below the zero mark Brintnell swooped down with a load of 500 pounds of fresh vegetables from Edmonton, arriving from him at the Eldorado holdings.

After a diet of canned goods and meat for several weeks the vegetables brought by Brintnell were the most popular to the latter of the hardy winterbound miners.

The Edmonton pilot's boat is the making of the long flight from Edmonton to Great Bear Lake, under most severe weather conditions without having a single drop of lettuce or as much as tomato freeze. A special heating device, designed by Brintnell, was installed in the cabin of his machine.

## Stratosphere Plane

Prof. Picard Believes He Can Build a Plane That Will Cut Upper Spaces At High Speed

Prof. August Picard, explorer of spaces 10 miles above the earth, is convinced he can build an airplane capable of flying through the stratosphere at 600 miles an hour.

The statement came in answer to a question by Dr. John Carruthers, secretary of the Los Angeles University of International Relations, as to whether the Swiss scientist had made the long flight from the stratosphere to the earth.

"I believe I could do so within a year and a half," he said. "And in my opinion the stratosphere plane is a thing of the not very distant future."

Professor Picard last August ascended to an altitude of 10,435 miles in a special balloon to obtain experimental data on cosmic rays.

## Canadian Egg Inspection

In 1931 the Egg Grading Service of the Department of Agriculture inspected 709,910 cases of eggs. In addition to the regular work of inspection by approval, the inspection staff also supervised the grading of eggs annually on wholesale and retail dealers throughout the country. This is for the purpose of checking up on outgoing shipments of deliveries, the purchase of current receipts from producers, country store-keepers and jobbers, and giving instructions and direction in candling and grading in accordance with the Canadian Standards.

A patent for a medical compound is obtained only in rare instances in the United States.

## The Jig-Saw Puzzle

Demand In The United States Still Ahead Of Supply

Americans bought jig-saw puzzles to the amount of \$100,000,000 in 1932, an increase of 70 per cent over 1931. More than 2,000,000 persons purchased of interlocking jig-saw puzzles that require real skill. More than 15,000,000 solved the simplest cut-out puzzles, stamped, not sawed. This growth in the puzzle craze has given employment to more than 20,000.

The craze in the last few months demand is still ahead of the market. The release of the cheaper puzzles has educated a vast new army of puzzle solvers to the new vogue. Some puzzles have as many as 1,800 pieces.

Old fashioned designs featuring Colonial costumes, hunting scenes, copies of famous paintings, etc., are the most popular, although there is a vogue for comics.

## Proposes Revised Dollar

Professor Leacock Suggests Reducing Gold Content To Seventeen Grains

Proposed to re-establish the redeemable gold standard with a dollar of 17 grains of gold instead of the present 23 was made by Prof. Stephen Leacock, head of McGill University's political economy department, in a speech before the Empire Club at Toronto.

He claimed, would cause immediate rise in prices and stimulate production of all sorts. "The gold from the Canadian mines," he explained, "would be taken at the base of a paper currency redeemable in gold of 17 grains to the dollar. The \$60,000,000 now produced annually would represent \$80,000,000 in the new dollar and could be used to carry \$24,000,000 worth of paper. Of this, one-third would pay the mine owners."

## Immunity From Plagues

Better Sanitation and Public Health Legislation Stamp Out Disease

One of the most important of all developments in the last 32 years has been in sanitation and public health, affecting the lives of everybody. It is not so far back when towns and cities had well water, generally polluted by its accompaniment of typhoid fever outbreaks. There were also diphtheria, epidemics while smallpox was not at all unknown in violent form in many communities. Immunity was known from those three plagues to mankind—St. Catharines Standard.

## Appliance For Railroads

Any sudden depression in the track is instantly detected and marked on a chart while the train is passing over it by a new appliance known as the "Railroad Detector." It does away with the need of a daily inspection of the line.

## A Three-day Census Shows 4,600 Homeless Men, Women and Children in Cleveland

A three-day census shows 4,600 homeless men, women and children in Cleveland.

## In the Famous Green Box

HEAVY WAXED PAPER Has a hundred uses. Always have a box in the kitchen.

Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS HAMILTON, ONTARIO

W. N. L. 1894

# World Trade Of Britain Continues To Expand, Despite Existing Conditions

Undertaken by adverse world conditions and by the prolonged period of difficulty through which it has passed, industrial Britain goes steadily ahead receiving and filling orders for foreign account, often in the face of severe competition from other nations, and thus continuing to build up Britain's reputation as a centre for the production of superior manufactured articles in widespread demand.

It has decided interest to Canadians in the announcement made by representatives of the Welsh tinplate trade of a record order from the American Can Company, operating works in Montreal and Vancouver, for a million boxes of tinplate valued at \$700,000. The firm receiving this order controls 20 tinplate works in South Wales, in addition to six iron and steel plants, and already the effects of the contract are being reflected in increased activity in local industrial circles.

A Manchester plant has recently completed a contract for eight heavy mixed-traffic locomotives for use on the Chinese Government railways and the locomotives, fully equipped, have been shipped in a vessel specially equipped for such consignments. Locomotives of this description have been supplied to China by United States firms in the past.

Four oil-electric locomotives, the largest yet produced in Europe, are about to be shipped from the Armstrong, Whitworth works in Newcastle-on-Tyne to South America for use on the Buenos Aires Great Southern Railway.

Two engineering firms are reported to have jointly secured a contract for gasoline storage tanks which are to be erected at Haifa, in Syria, by Iraq Petroleum Company. The contract, Industrial British reports, is worth £100,000 and was secured in the face of world-wide competition.

From Durban county comes word of the receipt of orders from Czechoslovakia and Holland for coal-elevator equipment representing a total value of more than £40,000.

Orders from Persia for textile machinery to the value of £100,000 have been received by Lancashire firms. These orders follow the announcement that the Shah of Persia has given instructions that his machinery for a number of spinning and weaving mills that are being established in that country must be ordered from Great Britain.

Another big contract has been placed by the Russian trade agency with a Manchester firm for a railway axle plant which is to be installed by the Soviet Government with an annual output of 270,000 axles. The same firm has recently completed a large Russian machine tool order, and the latest one was obtained in the face of severe competition from Germany.

A Bolton concern of machine-tool makers reports the successful conclusion of negotiations with Canadian buyers for various types of tools formerly produced from the United States. The order, it is stated, runs into thousands of pounds in value.

Thus, in hard times as well as in good times, the British industrialist goes steadily forward capturing orders for the provision of machinery or other articles to foreign countries, notwithstanding severe competition from other nations. His home markets' tariff and other barriers and the world continues to be his market. That he is enabled to receive his share of foreign orders is principally due to the quality of his output, for it is universally recognized that British goods are satisfactory goods and of the type of great long-lasting quality. The British industrialist has consistently declined to put an inferior article on the market.

Those who are accustomed to argue that Britain is dead industrially and otherwise fail to take into account the energy with which the British manufacturer continues to seek an outlet for his goods and the market which these goods continue to command, on account of their inherent quality, in spite of world conditions in world trade.

## Rice Growers Face Ruin

### Empire Agreements Have Destroyed Trade For British Guiana

About 150,000 of the inhabitants of British Guiana are faced with ruin as a result of the Empire trade agreements reached at Ottawa, according to advice received at Port of Spain, Trinidad, giving the views of the Demerara Rice Marketing Board. Guiana formerly had a preference for its rice in the British market, but under the Ottawa agreements India gets the same rates and has been driving out Guiana rice. An appeal has been made to London for protection of the former market, but the authorities have been informed that no discrimination can be made. About half the population of Guiana is dependent on rice growing.

## Street Purposes Have Changed

### New Planning Necessary Opinion Of President Of British Architects

London hears a novel analysis of modern street traffic problems by Sir Raymond Unwin. The president of the Royal Institute of British Architects says street purposes have entirely changed. We run what are practically locomotives at locomotive speed on highways made for horses and pedestrians. A complete new planning must come. It will expedite traffic through streets on which are no shops, and will assure safety of children and children on foot. The pedestrians will move leisurely in parallel streets which will have shops but no motor traffic—Christian Science Monitor.



**Winnipeg Newspaper Union**

*Jockey*

By Ruth Rogers

Two years ago when some of the old masters belonging to the estate were sold, a Reynolds' portrait alone fetched 3,000 guineas (about \$15,000 at par). Today 50 portraits realized a total of little more than a tenth of that sum.

Voices of such half-forgotten painters as Lily, Kneller, Hudson, Hobday and Joseph were put up in lot, bringing about a pound each. Four portraits by Slater, including one of Spencer Perceval, the murdered premier, brought only 12 guineas. Others followed at an average price of 12 guineas a piece.

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## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size. ....

Name .....

Town .....



"Here I sit, scared to death, and too darn lazy to run."—The Posing Show, London.

## Need Paid Hunters

### To Protect Game In Northern Manitoba From Timber Wolves

With timber wolves increasing in numbers and few pelts being brought into The Pas for bounties, northern Manitobans say that the only way to have the game in the Moose Lake country, will be by means of at least two paid hunters. It is learned at The Pas, Manitoba, that only 54 timber wolf pelts were brought there for bounty last year. This does not represent the total number killed, of course, as some pelts go right through to the cities. But the number of wolves killed was small in proportion to the wolf population.

Tom Lamb, Moose Lake trader, has found a number of deer cut down by wolves and left to rot. On a recent trip, he found a beautiful animal that had been killed by wolves. It had been chewed slightly at the throat. Lamb marked the spot intending to bring the deer to The Pas, where he intended to place it on exhibition. On returning a couple of days later, he found the passing Indians had taken part of it for dog feed.

## Rapid Growth Of Insanity

### Psychology Professor Claims Canada and U.S. Lead World

Canada and the United States in equal per capita, are leading the world in numbers of insane, according to Very Rev. Canon Charles Verhejen, professor of psychology and psychiatry at the State University of Amsterdam, Holland, who sailed from Saint John after completing an independent study of psychiatry cases in North America, during which he was attached to the Church of Our Lady of Victory in Saskatoon for two months.

"The rapid growth of insanity is due to a large extent from the depression with its resultant financial worries and the like," said the eminent alienist. "The fast life of this country and the United States is also one of the main causes. Young girls are not hearing the demands of health. They stay up late at night. Get little sleep and rush off to the office head of breakfast. It just can't be done."

## Honor Madame Albani

### Marble Bust Of Famous Prima Donna For Quebec Provincial Museum

A marble bust of Madame Albani, famed prima donna of the opera at the turn of the century and one of the greatest artists French Canada has given to the world, has been offered to the province of Quebec by her son, Ernest G. Albani, of Quebec, England, through J. J. Lemieux, Quebec commissioner there. The bust is the work of Prince Hohensele and will be placed in the provincial museum at Quebec, it was announced by premier L. A. Taschereau, who called his thanks to Madame Albani's son. Madame Albani was born in Chambly, Quebec, near Montreal, in 1847, and died March 3, 1920. She was invited to sing before many European courts following her operatic debut in Massena in 1870.

## Ask Federal Assistance

### Need Aid In Maintaining Medical and Hospital Care In Saskatchewan

Federal assistance in maintaining necessary medical and hospital care for the people of Saskatchewan was urged by L. A. Taschereau, who called his thanks to Madame Albani's son. Madame Albani was born in Chambly, Quebec, near Montreal, in 1847, and died March 3, 1920. She was invited to sing before many European courts following her operatic debut in Massena in 1870.

Tobacco exported from Cuba in a recent month was valued at \$1,139,657.

## ROYAL COMMISSION TO ENQUIRE INTO NEWFOUNDLAND'S FUTURE



Above are the three members of the Royal Commission appointed to report on the economic situation in Britain's oldest colony, Newfoundland. Left to right, Hon. C. A. Magrath, Canada, Lord Amundson, Great Britain, and Sir William Stavert, Canada.

# Celestial Phenomena Will Present Many Points Of Interest To Star Gazers This Year

## A Wesley Letter

### Great Preacher Gave Counsel On The Subject Of Marriage

A letter from John Wesley to a correspondent who had apparently asked the great preacher for counsel on the subject of marriage was sold at Sotheby's a London, England, for \$120.

The letter is addressed to "Mr. Peter Garforth, at Skipton-in-Craven, Yorkshire," and its contents are as follows:

"My dear brother: A person with all the qualifications you mention is not every day to be met with. I do not recollect such a one at present. If I met with or think of one I will send you a line. I advise you not by any means to entangle yourself with a professionalist. A sensible, well-tempered woman, fearing God, though not much awakened, is far preferable. Wishing you may have light from God in that and all things, I am, your affectionate brother, J. Wesley."

## "Encouraged Flower Farming"

### Prince Of Wales Helped Miners In Duchy Of Cornwall

The Prince of Wales has been obliged to cancel his proposed visit to the Isles of Scilly. Had he been able to keep the engagement his arrival in the islands would have been synchronized with the height of the flower season, and he would have seen the great strides made by these engaged in the bulb industry. The output is greater than ever before. Consignments for market number as many as 5,000 boxes of flowers a day. At the time when the distress among unemployed miners in the Duchy of Cornwall was at its worst, and alternative employment was being sought, the Prince showed practical interest in their predicament by placing at his disposal of several families holdings in the Duchy and by supplying the necessary implements and bulbs to enable them to take up flower farming.

## A Custom Of The Sea

### British Ships Blow Whistle When Passing Island Near Queensland

Whenever a British ship steaming along the coast of Queensland passes between a certain island and the mainland, she blows a prolonged blast on her siren. The story begins years ago, when some Englishmen, employed on exploration work in that locality had a narrow escape from losing his life. He was rescued just in the nick of time by a native girl, who, to save his life, had to swim with him across half a mile of shark-infested water. The young man married the girl, and they settled on the island. Then, one night, a British vessel was wrecked there, and it was only through heroic efforts by the man that all lives were not lost. He has since died, but the wife and family still live upon the island, and it is to honor them that the brave act is still remembered that every British ship sounds its whistle as it passes.

## Building Status Of Immigrant

Increased dignity for immigrant in California has been decreed by some companies. They have decided that their employees must be called "attendants." They must dress in white uniforms with brass buttons and carry the ice in stout black waterproof satchels.

A bore is one who has nothing to say and keeps on saying it.

The sky schedule for 1933 will be of great interest to star gazers, according to the American Nature Association.

Six periodic comets are due for return engagements. Two of the great sun are on the schedule also. Then too, Mars, which is probably of more popular interest than any other planet because of its possibilities as an abode of life and its fascinating and varied surface markings, which indicate seasonal changes, came to perihelion on March 1.

Perihelion is that point of the orbit of a planet or comet which is nearest to the sun. This is one of the less favorable oppositions, since the planet is 62,700,000 miles distant from the earth at nearest approach on that date.

Nevertheless astronomers interested in the physical phenomena of the planets are keeping this little neighboring world under scrutiny for some weeks, and we may expect to hear more than usual about the rusty planet Mars within the next few months.

The comets returning are Ikerara, Pons-Winnecke, Do Vico-Swift, Giacobini, Phileas and Holmes. The first was last seen in 1879 and is due to come to perihelion again in November.

The Pons-Winnecke comet has a period of nearly six years and was discovered in 1919. It is due to return again in May.

Giacobini's comet was discovered by that astronomer at Nice in 1900. It is due at perihelion in June. Phileas was discovered in 1910. Holmes comet was discovered in 1892. It is due in August.

There will be two eclipses of the sun, both annular. An annular eclipse is one in which the relative positions of sun and moon are such that the moon is too small to cover the solar disk and there is a thin annulus or ring of light surrounding the dark lunar disk at the time that would otherwise be total.

The first eclipse occurred on Feb. 24. The partial phase was visible in southern and central part of South America, all of Africa, except the extreme northwestern part. The western part of the Mediterranean, Greece, Asia Minor, Persia and Arabia.

The next eclipse will occur on Aug. 21. The partial phase will be visible in central and eastern Europe and northeastern Africa at sunrise, later in the morning, or near midday, in Siberia, central and southern Asia, and in the afternoon in the Philippines and East Indies.

## Status Of The Metis

### Government Spokesman Says Half-Breeds Not Wards Of Dominion

Half-breeds are not wards of the Dominion Government, said Hon. T. G. Murphy, head of the Department of Indian Affairs, when asked whether citizens of the provinces in which they lived, he said, with the same rights and responsibilities as the whites. Their care was a provincial matter.

In the Alberta House it was stated that half-breeds in that province were impoverished. Premier J. E. Brownlee said it had not been decided whether the Dominion or provincial administration was responsible for the care of the half-breeds. It might be necessary for the courts to decide.

The pure-blood Indians are wards of the Dominion government, and half-breeds have not the rights of the white citizens. The Dominion Government is responsible that they do not suffer want.

## Australia Using Own Currency

A train of ten cars loaded with 120,000 silver coins from all parts of South Africa will be sent to the mint in Pretoria within a few weeks. The shipment will be the first of the Union of South Africa to use its own currency. The total to be withdrawn is estimated at \$10,000,000. The intrinsic value of the silver is less than \$2,000,000. The total number of coins to be withdrawn is between 15,000,000 and 20,000,000.

## Auto Exports Increase

Increased sale of Canadian automobiles abroad is the brightest spot noted in the February business summary issued by the Bank of Montreal. Greater sales were attained throughout the whole of 1932 and January's figures reflect expansion of the foreign market is continuing.



**fit men win**  
Nothing lowers  
you more than  
the poisons of  
unpleasant  
constipation. Take  
Eno every morning.

**TAKE ENO'S FRUIT SALT**

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Possibility of using surplus farm crops of the United States for the production of alcohol as an aid to agriculture is being studied at the request of President-Elect Roosevelt.

George Bernard Shaw viewed the great wall of China from an aeroplane at a height of 8,000 feet, but had nothing to say regarding his experience.

Hon. Vincent Massey, former Canadian Minister to the United States, will be given the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by McGill University, Montreal, at Convocation on May 25.

So many automobiles have been panned in Paris, where the municipal police runs the pavement, that a new garage to accommodate 2,000 cars is being built.

Alberta government does not favor appointing a commission to survey taxation. Premier John Brownlee informed a delegation from the Alberta branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

After many years' public controversy over the divorce question, the Chief Justice of Trinidad has granted the first divorce in the island's history. The hearing took only forty-five minutes.

John Robert King of Vancouver, prominent figure in the mining, fishing and lumbering industries of the Pacific Coast in pioneer days, is dead aged 80. He was born in Madoc, Ont., and came to British Columbia in 1876.

Prof. August Piccard, explorer of spaces 10 miles above the earth, is convinced he can build an aeroplane capable of flying through the stratosphere at 500 miles an hour, if he were furnished \$500,000 for the purpose.

The Japanese government through the embassy at Washington, issued a 6,000 word statement in defence of her military activities in Manchuria and her actions at Geneva in the face of condemnations on the part of the League of Nations.

## Fish Cargo By Air

Former Two-Day Trip Now Takes Half An Hour

Within half an hour after white fish are caught in the lakes of northern Manitoba they are delivered to a ship by aeroplane. The Hudson Bay Railway, 35 miles away, for transit from this point by rail to cities in Canada and the United States where they are in demand. Formerly the 35-mile journey by horse outfits and tractors took two days over rough trails.

The inland fisheries of Canada are among the country's most valuable assets. The fish caught in large quantities for the commercial market in Manitoba come from Lake Winnipeg, Lake Winnipegosis, Lake Manitoba and the smaller lakes. White fish and pickerel are the chief fish caught, but pike, tullibee, goldfish and several other varieties are plentiful.

It is strange that many of those alarmists who foresee the destruction of all culture by machinery use the radio to broadcast their fears, read their speeches from a typewritten manuscript and then ride home in a taxi.

## TIRED AND IRRITABLE?

Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

It steadies the nerves and helps to build you up. You will feel better, sleep better, look better. Life will seem worth living again. Remember that 96 out of 100 women say, "It helps me." Let it help you. Liquid or tablet form, as you prefer.

W. N. U. 1086

## Artists Very Seldom Have Beautiful Hands

Photos Show Them Strong and Cupable But Not Decorative

The idea that hands exhibit more character than faces, and that artistic hands are invariably soft, slender and graceful, is nothing but a mere and a delusion. Mrs. Alma Reed says, Mrs. Reed opened an exhibition in New York of more than 150 photographs of hands of famous men and women, actresses, prizefighters, writers, painters, politicians and housewives.

"The hands of famous actresses," she said, "are almost universally beautiful. Long slender fingers, meticulously cared for nails and smooth contours are characteristic. Their hands are decorative, as they should be. But when it comes to musicians, writers, sculptors, male or female, the rule does not hold. Their hands are apt to be strong, capable, yes, but not necessarily beautiful."

## Pulp and Paper Industry

Operated On Sound Economic Lines

It would Regain Former Place

When property returns, it should be the task of both Government authorities and those who direct the destinies of the pulp and paper industry to work for an effective control of development in order that the evil of overproduction may be avoided and the industry allowed to expand in response to normal demand not to artificial stimulus. It is thoroughly rehabilitated and operated on sound economic lines, there is no reason why it should not regain its former place, but the danger from the American scammers is written plain. — Montreal Star.

**Winnipeg Newspaper Union**

*Fashion*

By Ruth Rogers



927

ROUND YORE CONTRIBUTES YOUTHFUL LINE TO THIS SMART WOOL CREEP

It's the sporty wool dress so beloved by youth and youthful woman types.

To be certain its career, a Paris favourite. A wide black lace belt makes the waistline.

It's very simple to make it. Just a few major parts to the pattern. They'll be snatched at the short time it will take you, and of the small excellence.

Style No. 927 is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 and 26 inches bust. Size to require 2 1/2 yards of 38-inch material.

Plain and printed crinkly crepe silk are very smart for this model.

Plain and printed crinkly crepe silk are very smart for this model. (Printed crepe is preferred). Wrap coat carefully.

## How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,

171 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Address .....

Town .....

## BABY'S COLDS

Never "dose" except on doctor's advice



BEST FOR ADULTS, TOO

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

### LUNCH BASKET PINWHEELS

- 1 cup flour.
- 2 teaspoons baking powder.
- 2 tablespoons butter.
- 1/2 teaspoon salt.
- 2/3 cup milk.
- 2 tablespoons sugar.

Grated orange rind.

Mix and sift flour, baking powder and salt, rub in one tablespoon butter, or other shortening, and moisten with a dough with milk. Roll thin spread with remaining butter, sprinkle with sugar, mixed with orange juice and rind, and roll up like a dough with milk. Cut in slices and place, jelly-roll, in buttered muffin pan, sprinkle with remaining sugar, and bake in a hot oven.

### HAM MOILES

- 1 cup cooked ham, chopped fine.
- 2 tablespoons butter.
- 1/2 cup stale bread crumbs.
- 1/2 cup milk.
- 1 egg.
- 1 teaspoon sugar.
- Salt and pepper.

Melt butter. Add bread crumbs and milk. Cook five minutes, stirring constantly. Add ham, egg slightly beaten, and seasonings. Pour into buttered custard cups. Set cups in pan of hot water. Bake in a moderate oven until firm. Serve with a white sauce.

## World's Brains Still Busy

Someone Is Always Thinking Of New Things For Invention

In 1843, a current invention article reveals, an official of the United States patent office resigned because "Everything possible had been invented."

Since this gentleman left his post in the snail belief that the world was a finished product, the world's brains have invented the sewing machine, the typewriter, the electric locomotive, the air brake, wireless telegraphy, internal combustion engines, airplanes, cars, registers, incandescent lamps, motion pictures and about a million and a half other inventions which we now consider commonplace.

Milton sometimes has had more than 300 words to a sentence in his writings.

Things don't seem half as expensive when you can charge them.

## + Do You Know? +



THAT THE Long Eared Owl, fierce as he looks, is one of the farmers' thousands of them every year. As the picture shows, life is quite a serious thing with the Long Eared Owl and that when he is out for business he evidently means it.

## Price Of A Newspaper

Cost Of Production Much More Than Readers Pay

A valued subscriber to the globe has raised a point which, perhaps, is in the minds of many people when he asked why the price of newspaper remains the same as before the drop in general prices level.

Free readers realize that the small amount asked for a copy of a daily paper bears no relation to the cost of producing it. It is merely a nominal sum, which, in the case of a paper like the globe, does not pay for the cost of the white paper used. It is unnecessary to refer to the cost of handling, delivery and postage, or to the fact that it carries news cost the thousands of dollars to collect.

The Globe Reflector recently illustrated the difficulties under which newspapers in general are operating by recalling weeklies which have ceased publication and others which have reduced their size. "Such instances as these," he comments, "should go far toward dispelling the impression that newspapers suffer less from the depression than the average business. As the Reflector's Statesman remarks, this false impression may be due to the high standards being maintained by the newspapers to create that optimistic spirit so characteristic of editors. The fact is that the publishing business is among the hardest hit."

Despite the fall in prices all the newspaper is still the cheapest thing on the market. — Toronto Globe.

## A Featherweight Airplane

Slow-Moving Machine Is Remarkably Easy To Handle

Britain owes remarkable results achieved with a slow-moving, featherweight airplane. This new type, which may indicate the coming of "flying for all," is designed by C. H. Lowe-Wyde. A woman beginner recently made a flight after half an hour's instruction, the instructor giving his orders from the ground. After three hours in the air the pupil was able to pass the tests for her "A" certificate. The plane carries only a 10-horsepower motor machine for its engine. Its top speed is 50 miles. But the big factor is that it lands at the "extraordinary" speed of 15 miles an hour.

## Looking After Draft Horses

Soviet Plan Vaccinations and Fatening Diet Before Starting Work

Millions of horses in the Soviet Union will receive long vaccinations and special fattening diets before starting work. Orders issued for the reconditioning of draft animals before the spring grain sowing. All horses are to be examined. Weak animals will be relieved of work. Horses in the principal grain regions, regardless of their health, will get three weeks' vacation before sowing begins. High mortality among horses due to overwork and undernourishment is responsible for the new orders.

Although cooler than the outside air, the interior of the Great Pyramid of Giza is exactly hot due to lack of ventilation.

Things don't seem half as expensive when you can charge them.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

TO STAMP OUT DEPRESSION

The Editor: In your issue of February 24th, Mr. Colin H. Burnell outlines his plan to stamp out depression.

Many plans might be devised to remedy the present unfortunate economic conditions, equally as effective as the one suggested by Mr. Burnell, but the difficulty in each case is to have them adopted.

Mr. Burnell believes that our present economic system is antiquated. That, he says, is the cause of the existence of system, and implies that the system we have, however depressed, if spent intelligently, would bring us out of this morose, without any further complicated schemes.

Mr. Burnell's plan commences with the application of a number of official "certificates" for double their face value, giving in exchange "certificates" which would again be exchanged for real cash, after stamps, bought from these officials for real cash, had been affixed to the "certificates," raising its face value to six per cent above its original face value.

That change of six per cent might pay the expense of the organization of officials, or it might not. Some price. Government would not stand behind, with real cash, the new currency, and it would not be eliminated. Dominion notes and coins, bank notes and private money, would be used to make the producer seller would be glad to have the purchase of his goods. It would be less easy to take it, having a "certificates" to make it good. Business men generally would prefer real cash.

If the people are short of real cash, from where would the supply of real cash come? It would be the stamp? It would be the stamp?

Mr. Burnell states that this system is already in operation. He might have quoted the opinions of those who have used the system. Mr. Burnell Fisher is said to have approved of the plan, but he is a man who is inclined to be a supporter of the "certificates" as part of the plan. There would be a "stamp" to determine the present face value.

With this plan it is generally supposed that the stamps should be fixed at stated periods, one each year, and the stamps should be issued in the same amount. The "certificates" would be almost certain to pass through the states into the hands of the people. Who would be expected to affix stamps on the date on all "certificates" their p-sses-s?

Mr. Burnell says his plan also contains principle of reconditioning of commodities. Currency is reconditioned on the same principle as commodities, always has been, always will be, and will be in the future. It is hoped that Mr. Burnell will examine some of the difficulties of his plan, and will attempt to simplify them.

There are far simpler plans to escape from the present economic distress if the human race would stop doing as it has been doing. The "certificates" would be almost certain to pass through the states into the hands of the people. Who would be expected to affix stamps on the date on all "certificates" their p-sses-s?

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## Tired Of Depression Talk

Woman Mining Recorder Returns North Where People Do Not Grumble

Tired of talk of depression which she has continually encountered in the cities, Mrs. F. Munro, British Columbia's only woman mining recorder, started the return to Squag Creek, near the boundary of the Yukon and Alaska. "At Squag Creek," she says, "things were never so prosperous, but folks take things as they are and never grumble. Why, they don't even grumble there a depression. Things go on just the same."

Mrs. Munro took a team of sleigh dogs and supplies and she plans to make the trail to Squag Creek before the ice thaws. Her goal is reached by way of Haines on the United States side and Pleasant Valley, a former Mounted Police post.

"As a matter of fact, conditions are better at Squag Creek now than ever before," says Mrs. Munro. "Most of the people are trappers, with about one white man to five Indians. There's not much money in fur these days, but gold was discovered up there not long ago and the miners are making from \$8 to \$15 a day in some places, with absolutely no place to spend their money."

## The British House of Commons

now adjourned to meet at 11 o'clock

William Betty, who prodigy, play in Hamlet. Betty could make the heaviest Shakespearean parts with ease.

Although it is a bird, the New Zealand kiwi cannot fly. Its feathers are incomplete and have the appearance of coarse hair.

## Avoid Grippy Colds

Take Vitamin-rich

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

To Build Resistance Easy to Digest

To Build Resistance Easy to Digest

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# President Roosevelt Takes Command Of U. S. Gold Supply

Washington.—Secretary William Woodin of the United States Treasury, in amplifying the president's proclamation, said emphatically the United States was not off the gold standard but foisted the exportation of gold.

"Any such interpretation upon the president's pronouncement is a grave mistake," he said, adding that it was in a state of "managed currency." In this connection he called attention to Switzerland which he said is on the gold standard but forbids the exportation of gold.

Washington.—President Franklin Roosevelt issued a proclamation Friday absolute command by the United States Government over the nation's gold supply.

The proclamation prohibits hoarding of gold or currency, places an embargo on gold and silver exports and prohibits "ear-marking" of American gold for foreign nations.

The proclamation also declared a national holiday on banking to bridge the gap between now and the time Congress meets.

Provision also was authorized in the sweeping declaration for national regulations for the issuance of clearing house certificates.

Immediately upon issuance of the proclamation treasury officials prepared to put into immediate effect, these certificates to give the nation a temporary medium of exchange.

The president took his far-reaching action under authority of the Emergency Trading Act enacted in 1917.

The president also issued a call for the new United States congress to meet in extraordinary session on Monday. He issued a statement in which he said in anticipation of the extraordinary session: "I am preparing an immediate program of action to meet the present monetary emergency."

"It is of course essential," Mr. Roosevelt's statement continued, "that the first business before the congress will be the present banking and financial situation."

Under the terms of the proclamation, calling for the conservation of gold stocks, it was assumed that redemption of currency in gold by the treasury will be suspended during the holiday.

A bank desiring to remain open could do so if the secretary of the treasury grants it permission. Application for such permission would be made through the clearing house under which it operates. New accounts could be accepted on a 100 per cent. withdrawal basis. The holiday could be extended.

## Dividend Run Into Millions

Toronto, Ont.—Despite adverse business conditions dividends to be paid in March by Canadian companies may exceed \$100,000,000 when all declarations are made. At present some 42 companies have declared dividends and there are a few more which usually make payments in March.

The government of Denmark has declared its inability to provide further farm relief.

# Jap Army Continues Advance On Jehol, Breaking Down Defences

Chinow, Manchuria. Japan's invading force has broken through the strongest Chinese defences, less than 75 miles from Jehol city.

The 10th infantry under General Tadashi Kawahara poured into Ling-yuan, passed through without stopping, captured the town of Shichang, a few miles west, and kept right on to Peking, on the motor highway which leads to the capital.

General Kimura Matsuda, commanding the 11th infantry, moved down from the north, having captured Chingping, to join General Kenkouke Mori's fourth army which was waiting at Chihching.

The cavalry took Chihching without a fight, for when they came within sight of the city of Shi Wen-Hua, the Chinese commander already had thrown the flags of Japan and Manchukuo. Apparently he was willing to host his life in his lot with General Mori and join in the final advance against Jehol city.

## Bill Goes To Senate

Federal House Passes Measure Extending Ten Per Cent Salary Cut Ottawa, Ont. The bill to extend the civil service salary reduction for another year passed the House of Commons and was sent to the senate. The measure continues the 10 per cent. reduction in the salaries of civil servants and members of parliament until the end of the fiscal year 1933-34.

About 60,000 people would be affected by the 10 per cent. salary reduction. Hon. E. N. Rhodes, minister of finance, said, in addition to 13,000 casual employees, the postmaster of small centres operating on a commission basis, the following public servants would be affected:

Salaries below \$1,200—16,462.  
Salaries between \$1,200-\$2,000—22,745.  
Salaries between \$2,001-\$2,000—6,123.  
Salaries between \$2,001-\$4,000—1,579.  
Salaries between \$4,001-\$5,000—461.  
Salaries over \$5,000—215.

## New Motor Law

Bill Introduced In Saskatchewan Legislature For Protection Of The Public

Regina, Sask.—Motorists responsible for an accident will have their licenses taken away until they pay any judgments rendered between \$100 and \$1,000 for property loss, \$5,000 for the death of one person or \$10,000 for two or more deaths, according to a bill brought into the legislature by Hon. A. C. Stewart, minister of highways.

The proposed act also provides for a minimum real liability for an auto license is issued to any person under 21 or over 65 years of age, or anyone held responsible for a motor accident.

Saskatchewan's proposed law on financial responsibility of motor owners and drivers is modelled after Ontario's law.

The proposed act does not deny the plaintiff in any motor accident case from proceeding for remedy under any other section of the law.

Royalty Sales First Talkie London, Eng.—The king and queen have seen their first talking movie and apparently enjoyed it. It was the premiere of the screen version of J. M. Barrie's "The Good Companions" shown as a benefit for the unemployment relief fund. The performance was declared a great success, the proceeds totalling about \$40,000.

May Close High Schools Calgary, Alberta.—Closing of Calgary high schools may occur unless the city can find a way out of its present financial predicament, it is understood. Struck severely by declining revenue following the depression's appearance, the city is forced to save every penny. Primary schools would not be shut down.

May Amend Game Act Edmonton, Alberta.—A government bill to amend the Alberta Game Act, if accepted by the Alberta legislature will permit farmers to shoot game birds anywhere in the province without a license. At present the farmer can only shoot game birds on his own property without a license.

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Despatches from that capital said two Japanese planes had bombed the new airbase near the city. All through the previous stages of the advance air raids have preceded the attack of the main force.

General Tang Yu-lin, provincial governor of Jehol, has given no sign of his intentions. The Japanese still hope he will surrender.

The worst of the fighting in the Jehol region is in the Jehol river, but there have been skirmishes, some of them heavy, indicating that the broken Chinese forces are warring the Japanese flank.

Part of the advancing forces are moving west along fairly good roads by motor truck and armored cars from Lingyuan. Despatches reaching here indicated that should the resistance encountered in the next few days be an arduous one, the Japanese will make good their prediction that Jehol city will fall before another week has passed.

## Banning Allegiance Oath

De Valera In Position To Force Removal From Constitution Dublin, Irish Free State.—In sixty days the oath of allegiance to the British crown will vanish from the constitution of the Irish Free State and become a dead letter in the Anglo-Irish treaty.

The Dail Eireann passed by a vote of 73 to 40 a government bill abolishing the oath of allegiance to the British crown. The measure now goes to the senate.

The constitution provides that bills which the senate refuses to pass in such a manner as to satisfy the lower House will, at the expiration of 18 months, become law despite the senate.

In the event the bill is dissolved in the meantime, the waiting period is shortened to 90 days.

After the 1922 elections, when Mr. De Valera found himself heading the government for the first time he immediately attempted to remove the oath. He was blocked by the senate. He is now in a position to force removal of the oath, but is still faced with a possibility that this move will fail to satisfy left wing extremists, including the old Sinn Fein.

## Millionaire Released

Chas. Boettcher, Kidnapped February 17, Is Freed By Abductors Denver, Colo. Chief of Police Albert T. Clark announced that Charles Boettcher, 2nd, heir to millions, who was kidnapped February 12, had been released by his abductors and that no ransom had been paid.

Chief Clark said the 31-year-old broker was released from a motor car and immediately communicated with the home of his father, Claude K. Boettcher. He was taken to the older Boettcher's home and the chief of police rushed there to question him.

Clark said young Boettcher was in good condition when released. Details of a release were not immediately available, but Clark said Boettcher had been released from the car on the outskirts of the city. Clark said he did not have full details of the release, but reiterated that no ransom had been paid.

Boettcher, prominent young Denver broker and member of one of the city's wealthiest families, was abducted by two men from the garage at his home Sunday night, February 12, and held for \$80,000 ransom.

## Conciliation Board

Want Body To Deal With Railway Wage Dispute Ottawa, Ont.—The railway companies—Canadian National, Canadian Pacific and subsidiary companies—made application to Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, for establishment of a board of conciliation to deal with a wage dispute with its employees. The disagreement grew out of a notification which has been given by these companies to their locomotive, trainmen and telegraphers of a proposed reduction of wages effective March 8.

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## ARGENTINE TRADE MISSION IN ENGLAND



Dr. Julio Roca, Vice-President of the Argentine, is shown with General Sir Charles Harrington, G.C.B., when he visited the Alhambra Command in Hampshire. Dr. Roca is in England at the head of the Argentine Trade Mission seeking trade treaties with the Mother Country.

## CALLED TO BAR



Lady Chatterjee, wife of Sir Atul Chatterjee, head of the Indian delegation called to Ottawa to the Economic Conference last summer, has been called to the British Bar at Lincoln's Inn. Lady Chatterjee has been studying law for a number of years.

## Protest Arms Embargo

Should Be Limited To Aggression Opinion Of China Nanking, China.—It was officially announced that China was making representations in London in connection with the British arms embargo against China and Japan.

Spokesman for the Chinese National Government foreign office said any protest presented to the League of Nations would be limited to the aggressive warring war on China. "It is a colossal blunder and it will have absolutely no effect on the present hostilities."

Toko, Japan. Great Britain's announcement of an arms embargo against Japan and China was interpreted by Japanese authorities as meaning a handicap for China only. In official and business circles there was widespread feeling that the embargo must be to only the first instalment of pressure against Japan, with the possibility of eventual economic sanctions.

## Chief Justice Anglin Dead

Occupied High Judicial Position For Over Eight Years Ottawa, Ont.—F. A. Anglin, former chief justice of the supreme court of Canada, died at his home here March 2.

He had resigned recently owing to ill health.

Mr. Justice Anglin had occupied the highest judicial post in the Dominion for eight and one-half years, being appointed chief justice of the supreme court of Canada in 1924, after some years of private practice, five years on the Ontario high court bench and 10 years as a member of the supreme court.

He was born in Saint John in 1860 and in adopting the legal profession forsook that of his father, a journalist.

## May Buy Radio Stations

Ottawa, Ont.—The Canadian radio commission may buy three broadcasting stations from the Canadian National Railways, one each in Ottawa, Montreal, N.B., and Vancouver. A vote of \$1,000,000 was included in this year's estimates for the commission and it is understood a part of this will be used to purchase the railway's three stations.

# Bennett Says Canada Weathers Depression Better Than Elsewhere

## Studying Income Tax Law

Government Seeks Workable System To Cover Heavier Bonds

Ottawa, Ont. The quest for a workable system of enforcing the income tax upon income derived from heavier bonds continues.

The proposal to apply a flat rate of four per cent. on all interest coupled with the banks for payment of the tax, has been under consideration for some time.

Another proposition has now been put forward which, it is understood, is meeting with a more favorable reception by the cabinet. This plan is to compel all persons cashing interest coupons to make out a certificate of ownership. The certificate would be given to them by the bank, where the coupons were presented for payment. In addition to declaring ownership, the bond holders would have to sign a statement declaring the income earned had been shown on their tax statement. The certificates and affidavits, would be forwarded to Ottawa and checked against the tax statements.

## Price Remains the Same

Radio License Will Be Two Dollars For Another Year

Ottawa, Ont. Radio license will remain at the \$2 figure for another year. Hon. Alfred Durnham announced before the House of Commons that the House of Commons had passed a bill to keep the radio license at \$2 for another year.

The House went on the air "directly" of course, after the bill was passed. The bill was passed by a majority of 100. The bill was passed by a majority of 100.

Mr. Durnham said the department this year would be paid for 100,000 more radio licenses at \$2 less the 40 cents commission, under the house to close savings system.

No Recent Loans Made Winnipeg, Man. Loans have been made by the Dominion Government to the provinces, including Manitoba, but none have been made since April, 1932, for direct unemployment relief.

Senator John Bracken in the legislature. Neither had loans been made in respect of the municipalities' share of the expenditure.

# Sir Arthur Currie Says Recovery Can Only Come From Unity Of Action

Ottawa.—Recovery from economic stagnation can come only from unity of action and unity of action can be made possible, or at least hastened, by a national government, Sir Arthur, principal of McGill University, Montreal, said at a gathering of McGill Ottawa Valley graduates.

"All our scattered forces must be combined to lead us out of the morass of doubt and even despair," said Sir Arthur. "It is extremely doubtful, in my judgment, if our desired objective can be reached by a politically divided country."

"Unity, then, for the good of all, would seem to be our surest and safest guiding force. We had to meet a national emergency 10 years ago. We met it by unity. In that trouble time all party prejudices, jealousies and slogans were forgotten or submerged and as a people we moved forward in one solid front to victory. Not otherwise could we have found success."

The present situation was more perplexing and serious than that of 1917, said the distinguished soldier and educator. It was time, he said, for the nation to unite and to get on its feet. He said that the nation was in a united effort to move towards prosperity, security and stability.

"There is stagnant industry," he said.

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada had weathered the depression better than any country in the world, Premier R. B. Bennett told the House of Commons when asked for another renewal of most features of the unemployment relief legislation of 1932. The measure conferred wide powers on the ministry for unemployment and other economic purposes.

"The financial and industrial fabric of the country, together with its general credit, had been maintained by the efforts of the Dominion government, and I would like the most conspicuous credit in this House to say where he would have been if we had not had the necessary legislation to enable us to do so," the Prime Minister declared.

Trampers ran high during a stormy session of the House. For the first time this session, the Prime Minister and his cabinet were called to order by a member of the opposition, who, in his famous cross-chamber diatribe, at one time both leaders were on their feet shouting at each other, while the speaker, who followed them on, declared them on.

Hon. Wesley Gordon, Minister of Labor, announced the government would limit to \$200,000,000 the Dominion's share of direct relief this year. In other respects, the government would seek the full "blank cheque" legislation under which relief had been administered from 1931.

## Britain Sending Exhibit

Taking 1500 Square Feet Of Space For Grain Show

Regina, Sask. Official announcement has been made that England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland will be represented at the forthcoming world's grain exhibition and Canada has been invited to take part.

The representation will take the form of a joint educational exhibit under the direction of the ministry of agriculture and will occupy a space of 1,500 square feet.

A chieftain from London, England, came to Regina to see the exhibit. In addition there will be an exhibit from the Rothamsted experimental station of England, which will be prepared and displayed under the personal supervision of Sir John Russell, superintendent of the station.

Products, U.S.-Jap War Richmond, Va.—Asserting that the United States and Japan inevitably will meet in a future war, General William H. Arnold, former chief of America's army air service, recommended the mobilization of air power in Alaska.

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## Predicts Many Earthquakes

Famous Seismologist Forecasts Disturbances For This Year

A "rather agitated year" in the way of earthquakes with especially great tremors in Alaska and the Greater Antilles, is the forecast for 1933 of Dr. Raffaele Bandani, the famous seismologist.

Known as the "wonder man of Faenza," Dr. Bandani, head of the Geodynamic Observatory of Faenza, is noted for the amazing accuracy of his seismic and volcanic predictions. He forecast, for example, a quake in eastern America for early in March, 1932. On March 2 of that year New Yorkers noted prolonged earth shocks.

Although several important quakes are forecast for this year, in widely separated regions of the earth, Dr. Bandani states that the movements in the earth's surface will avoid thickly populated regions, thus preventing a repetition of the Messina and Tokyo hecatombs.

In February in Alaska and the Greater Antilles, there will be an outbreak that will reach the proportions of an appalling manifestation," Dr. Bandani told International News Service.

"Throughout the southern chain of the Andes mountains in South America, in March there will be threatening awakenings of dormant telluric energy.

"In April the earth will tremble in faraway China.

"In May there will be bad news from Mexico.

After that, he said, there will be some months of seismic quietness, when Vulcan will once more visit one of his most famous stamping grounds, New Zealand.

"The Balkan peninsula will shake in September," went on Dr. Bandani. "Finally there will be a few tremors in Turkey and India before the end of the year."

## Remembered His Friends

Requests Left By Toledo Artist Provide Annual Birthday Gifts

Requests to be given to fifty-five friends annually on their birthdays were provided for in an unusual will filed for probate at Toledo, Ohio.

The late Frank J. Neel, art connoisseur, miniaturist and member of an old Toledo family who died Jan. 29, named seven friends as beneficiaries who are to receive \$200 a year on their birthdays as long as they live. The will also provided for gifts of \$100 each to fifty-two other friends to be distributed each year on their birthdays as long as they live. It was stipulated that the \$100 bequests were to be increased to \$200 a year as soon as the estate could carry them.

All of the beneficiaries live in Toledo except Beatrice Craig of Hartside, N.Y., who is listed among those who are to receive \$100 annually.

## Age Determined By Hair

Scientist Claims It Has Concentric Rings Like Tree

A method by which it is claimed to be possible to determine the age of a person by examination of a single hair was demonstrated before the convention of the International Association of Identification by Calvin Goddard, of the scientific criminal detection laboratory of North-Western University at Evanston, Ill.

The method depends upon the discovery that, when powerfully magnified, the hair reveals a system of concentric rings something like the familiar rings of trees. This is the newest method of scientific detection.

## Working On Perfect Mirror

Science comes a step closer to the perfect mirror, one which will reflect every bit of the light, with a new metal surface announced in the Physical Review by Hiram W. Edwards, of the University of California. These mirrors, he says, should be of considerable value in various optical instruments where front surfaces of high reflecting power are desirable.

## All In The Same Boat

The farmers' interest could never in reality be divided from that of the towns. Both are now threatened on a common ruin, and the only hope of the one is the hope of the other. This is the increased demand which follows improved trade, and the improvement in trade, to be effective, must be world-wide. London News-Chronicle.

A Munich professor has taught his pupils to respond intelligently to sounds and colors.

W. N. U. 1934

## BRITISH GOLF QUINTEt AFTER NEW HONORS



Our picture shows the happy golfing quintet from the Mother Country who have arrived on these shores to compete in some of the major United States' women's golf tournaments. The British golfers, reading from left to right, are: Miss Kathleen Garahan, Miss Diana Fishwick, Miss Betty Dix-Perkin, Miss Gwen Harriott and Miss Barbara Pymon.

## Wanted To Conserve Trees

Late Frank J. D. Barnum Saw Danger In Forest Depletion

Frank J. D. Barnum, who died in Paris a few weeks ago, was Canada's foremost advocate of reforestation. After retiring from active business about ten years ago, he set aside half his fortune for a one-man campaign to conserve the Dominion's "fast-vanishing forest resources."

His death occurred when he was returning from Italy, where he had inspected Premier Mussolini's gigantic forestry system. He had gone to Italy on invitation of the chief of the country's forest service.

Wherever he went, whether to New York, London, Paris, the Hague or Berlin, he talked trees. Sometimes he became disgusted with "the cold-blooded indifference of Canadians toward the slaughter of their forest" and in one of these moods he decided to sell his vast holdings and leave the country. He had no desire to live in a treeless country, a condition which Canada is fast approaching.

## Englishman Fyles Challenge

Hubert Scott-Paine Will Race Garwood For Harmsworth Trophy

Hubert Scott-Paine, English motorboat designer and builder, considered by many Englishmen's leading speedboat driver, has taken up the task of wrestling supremacy on the water from Garwood and filed a challenge for the Harmsworth trophy for 1933. The challenge was cable to the Yachtmen's Association of America, which holds the trophy for Wood, through the Royal Motor Yacht Club of England. The races will be run at Westport, Sept. 2, 4, and, if necessary, 6.

He will sail his new boat Miss Patricia III, and will power her with a 1,500-horse-power motor, the supercharged type used in the British Schneider cup seaplanes of several years ago. He declined to reveal further details but said his hull would be a new and "unorthodox" design.

## Denied Double Income

Request Of Newly Married Swedish Prince Has Been Refused

The time honored question as to whether two can live as cheaply as one may be applied to Swedish royalty. E. Wigforss, Finance Minister, declined to approve an additional allowance of 100,000 kronor (about \$20,000) to Prince Gustaf Adolf, who was married last October to Princess Sibylla, of Germany. The 36-year-old prince already had 90,000 kronor a year, but his marriage, it is claimed, doubled his expenses. The total outlay for the royal family is reduced in the Wigforss budget by \$10,000 through cutting household expenses at the castle.

## A Real Handicap

Platform orators assert that we shall pull through because our forefathers did when they pioneered this country. We shall pull through, of course, but the argument is flimsy because the pioneers did not have to finance too many governments, too many railroads and too many high-salaried commissions—Farmer's Advocate.

## Many Patents Issued

The Boston Transcript says in 1923 the U.S. Government issued eleven thousand more patents than in 1921—all for mechanical contrivances, and not one, apparently, for perfecting the nature of mortal man to fit him to use the machinery and for the benefit of the entire race.

More than 7,000,000,000 matches were made in Portugal last year.

## Canada's Tobacco Industry

Cigarettes Form the Main Item Of Tobacco Production

The most popular form in which tobacco is used in Canada is in cigarettes. An analysis of the tobacco manufacturing industry in Canada for the year 1931 has just been issued by the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics. It shows that in that year under review the total production of the industry was valued at \$7,926,154, a decrease of 12.5 per cent compared with 1930. The main item that goes to make up the aggregate value of the output was cigarettes to the number of 4,431,585,000 valued at \$42,855,121. The number is equal to about 428 for every man, woman and child of the population of the Dominion, and if placed end to end would extend approximately 190,000 miles or enough to girdle the earth more than seven times. The next valuable smoke among Canadian tobacco products was chewing tobacco, valued at 17,075,000 pounds valued at \$18,883,298. Cigars, with a production of 155,412,000 valued at \$7,247,132, came next. Chewing tobacco, while not so generally indulged in as it was a generation or two ago, is by no means likely to pass into the discard for some time for the output was valued at 200,854 pounds valued at \$4,612,085. The art or habit of snuff-taking evidently comes popular in the Dominion as the production in 1931 was 928,381 pounds with a value of \$1,192,309.

The Canadian tobacco industry produced 33,969,546 pounds of raw leaf tobacco of which 19,008,792 pounds was of domestic origin. For the proportion of 1,411,469 pounds of imported and 1,493,595 pounds of domestic tobacco were used; for the production of cigarettes 6,402,549 pounds of imported and 6,999,581 pounds of domestic tobacco were required, while for the production of smoking and chewing tobacco and snuff, 131,316 and all other manufactured tobacco, \$101,438. Exports were even smaller. There was, however, an export of 6,097,802 pounds of unmanufactured tobacco, valued at \$2,018,802, most of which was shipped to the British Isles. Compared with the previous year there was an increase of 1,351,932 pounds in the quantity of raw tobacco exported.

## Gas Quota Proposed

Alberta Board Suggests Curtailment Daily Production To 300,000,000 Cubic Feet

Removal of all drilling restrictions with a daily gas quota of 300,000,000 cubic feet in Turner Valley oil fields is recommended in the Alberta government's gas conservation board report recently issued.

Compulsions would be allowed to drill new wells whenever they wish but production would have to be curtailed to the set figure of 300,000,000 cubic feet daily, according to the report which will be tabled in the Alberta legislature shortly.

The board report suggested the present restricted gas production in the valley be replaced by a prorated plan as soon as convenient. Under this system, each owner of oil and gas lands within the productive area would have a certain allotment yearly with additional allotments, resulting when new wells come in, being met from those not in use or by an increase in the total daily figure, if necessary.

Naphtha production in Turner Valley would have ceased at the end of 1933 if oil companies had not insisted on conservation to the interpretation by some oil operators of a chart which accompanied the Alberta gas conservation's report. Other oil men dispute this statement.

## Germany Has Speedy Boat

A boat has been built in Germany which will skim across the water at a great speed. It is driven by propellers in the air and the craft is fitted with exterior pontoons which will hold her steady in a rough sea. There is also a series of fin-like planes which will raise the boat almost clear of the water when under way.

A new electric iron, fitted with a handy heat indicator, shows at a glance whether the iron has attained the correct temperature for the articles ironed. It indicates the proper ironing temperature for wool, pure and artificial silks, cotton and starched materials.

## Garden Notes

(By Gordon Lindsay Smith)

Do not be fooled by the tales you hear about all seed coming from the same source. There is a wide variation in this, prices running from a few cents to several dollars, and all of the same name. The while cost of the varieties may give wonderful results in England or the Southern States, they may be a failure here. The Canadian seed houses select their seed from those sources which perform out stock specially recommended to Canadian conditions. Naturally, if they differ, they would not remain reputable very long. You may have perfect soil and take all your exercise with a hose and rake, but without good seed you haven't a chance. Remember, too, that good seed is grown by experts who specialize on one or two lines and have space sufficient to prevent bees and other insects mixing pollen and, therefore, strains and varieties indiscriminately.

When spring really arrives Canada enjoys the finest climate in the world for most vegetables and flowers. To get the most out of this year, you really should start some of our vegetables and flowers from seed indoors, and by this method add weeks to the season without going to the expense of the greenhouse.

For some time the south of Canada has been suffering from a severe drought. Hot beds are made in early winter, but the soil is so dry that manure which has been turned frequently in March is not so effective as big as the window. You are to use, or build above the ground a wooden bed, twelve to fifteen inches of manure and twelve to fifteen inches of soil. This will be a fine garden soil. Cover with glass, the bed will be kept warm by the sun and allow the rain to run off. The sides of the bed, if covered, are boarded up to keep out the cold and when still bigger, transplant at a week and when it cools down to the ground, sow in rows and sow an inch deep, a coarse piece of carefully spread straw or manure to prevent the seed washing out.

If you are using a sunny window, for the first two weeks, a covering of manure is needed, simply a box or a frame will do. The manure will be needed to keep the soil warm. If you are using a sunny window, for the first two weeks, a covering of manure is needed, simply a box or a frame will do. The manure will be needed to keep the soil warm. If you are using a sunny window, for the first two weeks, a covering of manure is needed, simply a box or a frame will do. The manure will be needed to keep the soil warm.

## Would Increase Taxation

Move To Boost Taxation On Chartered Banks In Manitoba

The Manitoba Government will be petitioned to increase the taxation of chartered banks, according to a resolution passed at the annual convention of the Manitoba School Trustees' Association in Winnipeg.

The preamble of the motion declares the banks have more in net profits more than \$20,000,000 for the year 1932, and the fair and equitable method of taxation is the taxing of these able to pay.

## Archaeological Discovery

The series of wall sculptures uncovered by Dr. Ernest Herzfeld under 26 feet of rubbish and masonry of Pompeii, ancient Pompeii city, is considered the greatest discovery in the history of archaeological research.

The series of wall sculptures, if set together, would form a panel of five or six feet in height and almost 1,000 feet in length.

Sleighing is the only method of ground transport in northern Siberia in winter.

## FANCIFUL FABLES



## SHE WAS GETTING FATTER

### Now Down To Normal

"I was putting on flesh very rapidly," writes a married woman, "and also suffering from constipation, and I was very lively. Three months ago a friend advised me to take a teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts in hot water every morning. I have kept this up regularly ever since, although I have been down to my normal weight (126 lbs.) for several weeks. I never felt better in my life, and I intend to carry on with Kruschen always. Several of my friends have remarked how it was getting and how well I was looking. After my having told them how it was done, they are doing the same." (Mrs. D.H.)

Overweight arises frequently because the system is loaded with unexpended waste, like a furnace choked with ashes and soot. Allowed to accumulate, this waste matter is turned into layers after layers of fat. The salts in Kruschen assist the internal organs to throw off each day the waste and poisons that clog the system. Then, little by little, that ugly fat goes—slowly, yes—but surely. You feel wonderfully healthy, youthful and energetic—more so than before in your life.

### FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at no expense. We have a special offer, and may speak "GILLET'S" perhaps with more force than you can find elsewhere. It is a trial package of our regular 125-grain bottle, with a separate trial bottle—entirely new—of the same strength. It is a trial package of our regular 125-grain bottle, with a separate trial bottle—entirely new—of the same strength. It is a trial package of our regular 125-grain bottle, with a separate trial bottle—entirely new—of the same strength.

Send for your free trial package of Kruschen Salts today. It is a trial package of our regular 125-grain bottle, with a separate trial bottle—entirely new—of the same strength. It is a trial package of our regular 125-grain bottle, with a separate trial bottle—entirely new—of the same strength.

Copyright by William Brown Mowery

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

A question came from Joyce:

"He and—Elizabeth—have decided definitely, then, Bill?"

"Yes. She's waiting for him to come for her or send for her. They've made plans to be married in Edmonton—and have their honeymoon in the Selkirk and then go over to Victoria."

Joyce asked the last question. She asked it calmly, without fluttering or even putting on the pretence of interest.

"Did Elizabeth say that, or did Alan?"

"Alan said it. I overheard them that night he left. They planned it together, then in his cabin."

Joyce was assured by old Dan Blake calling for her. Raising her head from her arm, she looked around. Groggily she realized that she was there on the jutting rock, muffled with cold—was a cold that was more than physical.

"Down had took her. The dock hours had passed. It took the moments to realize. Time had stood still for her. She was alone. Time stood still for her. She was alone. Time stood still for her. She was alone."

Before going up the river bank she had the presence of mind to go down to the water edge and bathe her face and hands and smooth back her hair.

She went back to the trading store where old Pence, and prepared breakfast for him. Over his breakfast

old Pence began whittling again at the "rotary-stick" he was carving these days. The stick was a long-handled ambition of his, for with his razor-knife, six-bladed knife, he was carving the story of his life. And he was going about in it in secret, carving steadily every day. It was as though he had some dim fore-knowledge of the black wings hovering—

Noticing Joyce exceeding patience and her exhaustion, he bade her:

"Now you got to go 'n' rest, gal. I'll tend to this fur this mornin', if anybody comes."

Joyce went into her room. It seemed so cold; she could not get warm. The chill seemed to have pierced her through and through. She kindled a fire in her small sheet-iron stove and put it wood, and then lay down on the bed.

From the dresser Alan's picture was looking down at her. She did not glance away. When she looked at it steadily, as she lay there so motionless and still.

The exhaustion that had drained her had left her very quiet and calm. She could think clearly, in thoughtful, precise and rational.

You thought this battle one, Joyce, and you won it. And you handed the sword back to your enemy and gave him power over you again. When Bill first told you last fall of Alan's engagement—do you remember the heartbreak of those weeks, Joyce? You finally rose above it, you conquered. But then you permitted yourself to hope again. When Alan merely came past here on a patrol, after staying away from you all winter, you went wild with hope.

Last night Bill came to you once again; and after he left, you collapsed on that rock. Joyce, don't let yourself open to agony such as that. You must forget Alan, Baker. You must, you must! You cannot turn this way or that; you cannot evade it; you must walk that path. You must leave that look back. You have been punished for looking back, and your punishment has been terrible. In self-preservation you must forget Alan Baker.

As she lay gazing up at Alan's picture and seeing her course clearly, it seemed to Joyce that if she could destroy his image there on the dresser, if only she had the courage to do that, it would be a symbol of her own look back.

After a little while she got up from the bed; and going over to the dresser, began taking out of it all of Alan's letters to her. They dated back across six years, addressed to her here, at her college, at Ottawa all of them carefully treasured, tucked by pack they went into the stove.

There was good agony for Joyce in the firm and unpleasant way she went about burning them.

He had given her more than a few presents; a costly old-fashioned ivory jewelry which had been his mother's; miniature hope chest of Indian silks which had been the envy of her college friends; a gold-and-silver hunting knife; a wrist watch; a pair of gloves; and a dozen less expensive gifts. Joyce laid aside the havelire to send to Elizabeth; but the other gifts she destroyed by fire.

She took his picture from the dresser, and burned it.

Afterwards she sat by the table writing a long letter to her brother Chas in Ottawa, telling him frankly about her father, her hope to see him after her visitation and then to bring him over to Ottawa with her and asking him if his former promise of a position whenever she wished to re turn was still good.

At noon, hours later, when old Pence looked in, he was pleased to find her plunged into a dreamless sleep. The secret worry he had noted on her face this last week seemed to have gone now. Her features were pale, but there was a look of peace on them, of some strange spiritual peace at heart.

CHAPTER VII

By Lone Camp Fires

"That gray dawn when he said good-bye to you at Fort Endurance, Baker set off alone on a journey of a thousand miles. Instead of heading northward toward the Thia-Arath where the men were hiding, he turned his canoe poor directly away from them and started south, up the Mackenzie. He did not delude himself about his plan. It was a little better than a desperate gamble, and he knew it. But the usual man-hunting methods were useless against these creatures of the north. His plan was the last thing in the world they would be expecting.

By travelling in his own motor canoe, depending entirely on his own resources, he expected to cut ten days from the fastest time of the fur-company boats.

In the lonely hours, as he stared in reverie at the shimmering pine

## NO MORE EXCUSES FOR STOPPED-UP DRAINS

**GOOD MORNING—**  
THIS IS MRS. DREW.  
WHAT DO YOU SELL  
TO CLEAR A CLOGGED  
UP DRAIN PIPE?  
NOTHING IVE  
TRIED DOES  
ANY GOOD.

**WE ALWAYS RE-**  
**COMMEND GILLET-**  
**PURE FLAKE LYE**  
TO KEEP DRAINS  
CLEAR AND FREE  
—KILLS GERMS AND  
COORS AND WON'T  
HARM THE PLUMB-  
**ING. SHALL I SEND**  
**YOU A TIN?**

## Gillett's Lye dissolves clogging grease...

JUST sprinkle Gillett's Pure Flake Lye down your drains and toilet bowls each week. Use it full strength—this powerful cleanser cannot harm enamel or plumbing. Grease and dirt dissolve like magic... germs are killed... odors banished. Your drains run free and clear.

And Gillett's Lye in solution has many uses in your kitchen. One teaspoonful dissolved in a quart of cold water makes short work of greasy pans, trucked-up floors and other troublesome cleaning tasks.

Use Gillett's Pure Flake Lye for all your household cleaning. It saves hours of hard work. Ask for it by name... at your grocer's.

## GILLETT'S LYE

EATS DIRT

Never dissolve lye in hot water. The heat of the water breaks the lye.

Grasshopper Menace

Steps Behind Taken Now To Meet Insect Invasion

The prairie provinces are facing invasion. In Manitoba, particularly, the worst of the trouble has been felt this summer. The enemy forces in that province alone will number at least 4,354,000,000,000. To combat that force "muntion factories" in Manitoba are working day and night and a conference between provincial and federal strategists was held in Winnipeg on March 2 when the most intensive plan of campaign ever drawn up in Canada was decided upon.

The enemy? Just the humble but destructive grasshopper.

The muntions? Technically they are known as "bait," a combination of "bait and bait" sawdust, bran and sodium arsenite.

The conferees? Leading entomologists headed by Norman Criddle.

This year Manitoba is preparing for one of its worst invasions in certain areas. It will cost the province in the neighborhood of \$150,000 to wage a battle in an infested area estimated at 1,000,000 acres.

Incidentally the introduction of savadist in the bait is a Canadian discovery which saved \$40,000 last year and which is now accepted in all parts of the continent.

Only Three Racers Left

Four years ago 637 men left Los Angeles, California, on roller skates to race round the world and win a prize of \$14,000. Seventy-three are dead. All but three of the remainder have stopped.

The three men recently left Camden, New Jersey. They must sleep tight in their beds and so, no, fish, dairy produce, abatain from smoking, swim daily, and sleep for at least six hours.

A device that "tastes" the acidity or juice character and indicates whether apples, oranges and other fruits and vegetables are ripe, has been invented.

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## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of  
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\$2.50 to the United States  
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year to any part of Canada  
or Great Britain.

R. S. Service Proprietor A. Haskin

Thursday, April 6th, 1933

C. Evans Sargent, of Eyre,  
Sask., was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Pinder and sons,  
of Laporte, were in town, on  
Sunday.

Mrs. Emil Hitehenck, went by  
car to Medicine Hat, on Satur-  
day.

Seen in town: Messrs. Mc-  
Ghee and J. Frey, of Assin-  
iboia Valley.

J. Sandereck is putting  
in school attendance prepara-  
tory for entering University.

Bert, Shannon, of Medicine  
Hat, is making one of his peri-  
odical visits to town.

E. J. Roswell has secured a  
contract for painting of the  
hospital buildings.

Monday night's snow caused  
"Brownie" to goze hopefully at  
the curling rink.

Wm. Rowles made a trip to  
Assiniboia on Tuesday night, to see  
his sister, Miss A. G. Rowles.

We are sorry to report that  
Mrs. W. H. Aton has not been  
very well this past week.

The annual Easter Tea, home  
cooking, sewing and flower sale  
of St. Mary's W. A., will be held  
Sat., April 15, in the Municipal  
Hall. Order your flowers from  
Mrs. N. P. Storey.

The Castle Coombe W.M.S.  
will hold its annual Easter  
Meeting at the home of Mrs.  
Wesley Rivers, on Sunday,  
April 9th, at 2 p.m. Everybody  
is cordially invited.

Ice remained jammed in the  
Saskatchewan river from the  
bridge to the ferry crossing, on  
Wednesday night. It was how-  
ever, understood that the ferry  
commenced operating this after-  
noon.

Mrs. D. Robertson and sons,  
have taken up their residence  
in the house north of the one  
occupied by Mr. and Mrs. R. J.  
Duff.

Strong winds prevailed in  
this district on Sunday, increas-  
ing in severity and blowing up  
the dust on Monday. Later in  
the day a light rain commenced  
to fall and in the evening turned  
to snow.

Dr. A. K. McNeill  
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

Physician and  
Surgeon  
Phone 14

Office - - - Centre Street

DENTIST  
Dr. DOWLER

Thursdays and Fridays  
Arriving on Wednesday night  
Offices: Royal Bank Building  
(Opposite Hotel)

AT LEADER:

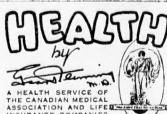
Sundays, Mondays and Tuesdays  
Treaties on Wednesdays

**DOMINION CAFE**

FIRST CLASS MEALS  
Good Rooms

Always a Full Stock Carried  
Cordons, Cigars, Cigarettes  
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES

Dance and after theatre lunches  
A Place of City Style.



## Health In The Country

"Get out into the country" is  
advice that is frequently given  
to city dwellers who are not  
enjoying good health. There is  
a popular idea that health is to  
be found in country air and  
country food.

Those who live in the country  
are generally of the opinion that  
they are living under  
healthier conditions than those

## Beatty of the C.P.R.—cont.

The man in the street respects  
him because he preaches The  
Gospel of True Canadianism.

Politicians take on him because  
he is the boss of the C. P. R. R.  
The Prince of Wales is another  
client who thinks Beatty is "all  
right," and his Royal Highness is  
ready to prove it by or of  
facilities at the launching of a  
new C. P. R. ship.

Ordinary people respect him  
highly, and are sorry his railway  
is having a hard time.

As a youth he wanted to be a  
judge, but Fate intervened and  
sent him a job in the C. P. R.'s  
legal department. Young Beatty  
refused to resign this as his life-  
work, but ultimately had to de-  
cline it in a hurry when the late  
Lord Shaughnessy sent for him  
and asked him to be a Vice-Presi-  
dent.

Here is one version of what  
took place:

Beatty said "No!"  
"You Shaughnessy fixed the  
young attorney with a stern eye  
and exclaimed, 'My God, Beatty!  
Do you want to be a mere lawyer  
all your life?' Young Beatty  
smiled and took the job."

Some people think Mr. Beatty  
is hard and cold and take a  
lot of citizens who wait for  
weeks for the call to conference.  
Nevertheless he is the easiest  
man in the country to talk to,  
provided you can crash the outer  
office.

He is one of the few leading  
citizens who go in for Good Works  
in a Big Way without thought of  
publicity or praise. Not long ago  
the mother of an ex-boy's Home  
youth who had lost his job in the  
States, was destitute and needed  
tramp home in despair tele-  
phoned to E. W. The Chairman  
and President of the C.P.R. came  
to the phone in person, dis-  
cussed the case with the harassed mother,  
told her to worry but in-  
structed the C. P. R. official  
nearest to the boy to ship him  
back to his home, paying the fare  
out of his own pocket. These  
are the things which have won  
him a reputation for kindness and  
humanity.

He was born at Thorold, which  
Ontario people will tell you is  
situated in the Garden of Canada.  
He attended several schools in  
Ontario, and ultimately hitched  
his way into, through and out of  
Toronto University and was called  
to the Ontario Bar. That was in  
1901 and almost at once he went  
into the C.P.R.'s law department.  
He stayed there for thirteen years  
before becoming the company's  
General Counsel. In 1916 he was  
elected to the Board. In 1918  
they made him President, when  
Lord Shaughnessy dropped one of  
his two portfolios. Six years later  
he held both jobs and has had  
plenty of worries on his hands.

He thinks co-operative manage-  
ment will solve the railway prob-  
lem. He does more travelling  
than many salesmen. To-day  
you will see him in Calgary. Next  
Tuesday he will be in Montreal.  
On Wednesday he will appear be-  
fore the Railway Commission in  
the Capital. On Thursday you  
can talk with him by long dis-  
tance to the Empress of Britain,  
outward bound.

Wherever he carries his work under  
his hat. When times were good  
it used to be written that he had  
the Biggest Industrial Job In The  
World. The job today is prob-  
ably just as big but infinitely  
more arduous.

His continued good repute is  
largely due to the idea that has  
got about that he is honest, hon-  
orable and, taking him by and  
large, as representative a citizen  
of Canada as can be found be-  
tween the two oceans.

And there is plenty of evidence  
to support the charge.

—THE—

## Empress Meat Market

Burn's Dominion Brand

BACON

By the Piece

15c.

Per Pound

10c

Half pound packages

Patronize Your Local Butcher

who make their homes in the  
larger centres of population.

The facts of the case are found  
to be the reverse of the popular  
idea. The explanation for this  
is to be found in the measures  
the cities and towns have taken  
to protect their residents against  
disease. They have taken  
advantage of each new dis-  
covery, and they have secured  
for themselves, among other  
things, safe water and safe milk  
supplies.

Milk or water may become  
contaminated—wide distri-  
bution and so spread disease. It  
makes no difference whether  
such contaminated milk or wa-  
ter is used in the country or in  
the city; it will cause disease  
just as readily in one place as  
in the other.

In order to prevent disease,  
cities do, as a rule, require  
that their milk, which comes  
from farms in the country, be  
pasteurized to make it safe.  
If the unpasteurized milk is sent  
as far as the city, it is  
equally dangerous to use un-  
pasteurized milk in the coun-  
try.

Water supplies in the cities  
are usually filtered or chlori-  
nated, or both, in order to make  
them safe. The water from the  
well in the country is sold,  
on examination to see if it is safe.  
Too often it is said or thought  
that it must be alright because  
it is clear and cold and because  
it has been used for such a long  
time without ill effects.

The reports of epidemics and  
deaths from those diseases that  
are commonly spread by water  
and milk now show a higher  
rate for the country than for  
the city. This condition will  
continue until those who live  
in the country come to realize  
that it is necessary for their  
own protection to secure safe  
water and pure milk.

Water and milk should be  
used freely by everyone, but in  
giving such advice, it is pre-  
sented that the water and milk  
are safe. Obviously no one  
would recommend their use  
unless sure of their purity. Be-  
cause they should be used, it is  
essential that a safe supply be  
always available. There is no  
reason why every country home  
should not have safe water and  
safe milk.

## Press-Button Farmer

Mr. G. H. Caldwell, of Green-  
wood, Manitoba, U.S.A., owns  
a farm of fifty acres which is  
run entirely by electricity.

The first light of dawn puts  
out the night lights. An elec-  
trical clock sets going a gadget  
which opens the door of the  
country house. An electric  
bell summons the chickens.

Another clock turns on a  
wireless set. A tangle sounds  
revolve.

Mr. Caldwell touches another  
button, and breakfast starts  
cooking by electricity.

Mr. Caldwell, then shaves  
with an electric razor, has  
breakfast, and drives away. As  
his car goes down the drive,  
it makes contact with a gadget  
which flashes a red warning  
light, 500 feet away on the  
main road, for just eighteen  
seconds—the time he takes to  
get there.

Returning at night his head  
lights disturb another "eye."  
Fluor lights illumine the garden  
and the house, and electric  
candles put out a welcome.

When Mr. Caldwell reaches  
his garage, another "eye" opens  
his doors. Electric "eyes" out-  
side detect and announce visi-  
tors.

In the nursery his children  
play with electric dolls, and the  
youngster has a moulted radio to  
hear poppies which play softly

until an electric clock switches  
it off.

## By Gum!

Siddi Wastad a wrestler, who  
lives in the Central Provinces  
of India, is said to be more than  
150 years old. He has never  
to eat it.

been treated by a doctor and  
prepares his own medicines. He  
has no teeth, but his last meal  
of the day is six pounds of  
wheat flour, vegetables, rice,  
mutton, and eight pints of  
milk. It takes him three hours  
to eat it.

## Special Prices for this Week

Malkin's Best Black Tea	38c.
per lb.	
Malkin's Best Coffee, 5 lb.	2.00
cans	
Santos Whole or Ground	1.35
Coffee, 5 lbs.	
MIXED JAM	43c.
per pair	
TOMATO CATSUP, No. 2	15c.
cans	
Tomato Ketchup, Heinz, 2 bots.	45c.
Pure Orange Marmalade, pair	55c.
Dollar Sodas, per box	35c.

## W. R. BRODIE

## DON. MacRAE'S

## TIMELY SPECIALS:

Ginger Snaps, per lb.	15c
Lemon Snaps, 2lbs.	35c
Sardines, 9 tins for	50c
Pink Salmon, 2 for	25c
Strawberry Jam, per tin	55c
Orange Marmalade	50c

"SERVICE and SATISFACTION"

## Hickory Eveners, at Bargain Prices

WHILE THEY LAST

2 x 4 x 34 inch	35c	2 x 4 x 42 inch	50c.
2 x 4 x 18 inch	60c.	2 x 6 x 4 foot	70c.
2 x 4 x 6 foot	80c.	2 x 6 x 6 foot	11.20

also several second hand Drills and other machinery at  
real savings, see us before they are all gone

Phone 58 THE EMPRESS LUMBER YARDS

LET US SAVE YOU MONEY on your  
Single-trees, Double-trees and Eveners

STRAP-END FLOW SINGLE TREES	50c ea
" " WAGON	75c ea
FULL STRAP WAGON	115c ea
EVENER WOODS 2 horses	75c and 115
" " 4 horses	175c ea
WAGON DOUBLE END	150c ea
AGRICULTURAL SETS 2 horses	125c ea

These goods are all made from Knap and One Star Brand Stock

When you come to the store you make your own selection

R. A. POOL

AGENT, BRITISH AMERICAN OIL CO.

## Spring Is Here!

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Men's Wear Requirements. Inspect our  
Goods and Compare our Prices.

Men's and Boy's Boots and Shoes  
for  
Overshoes, Rubbers and  
Work Shoes, Sweaters, Mitts and  
Gloves and Work Shirts,  
Underwear in all weights,  
Overalls, Sox, Caps and Ties

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Your Subscription.

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